

Sevenoaks District Council Grants

Code of Practice September 2003

For this purpose, a grant is taken to mean:

'a cash award for a specified initiative, project or service not provided by the Council which benefits residents or those working in the district'

Each grant scheme should have:

1. Written criteria outlining:
 - Eligibility
 - Scheme objectives
 - How the grant decision will be made in relation to the extent to which the scheme criteria are met.
2. An application form
3. Guidelines for completing the application form.
4. Minimum and maximum grant level
5. Performance indicators
6. Monitoring arrangements

Principles

- The criteria must be in line with the Council's overall objectives
- All grant schemes and benefits in kind must support and complement the Council's Strategic Objectives.

Eligibility

- The applicant group must have a constitution (or at least be working towards adopting one). For most grants a constitution is essential.
- The applicant group should have a management committee.
- The applicant group must have a bank account with 2 signatories. If they do not have a bank account, they must nominate a voluntary organisation to take responsibility for the money on their behalf.
- The applicant must have, and enclose with the application, a set of audited or independently examined accounts for the latest year available
- The project should be for the benefit of people living or working in the Sevenoaks District.

Appendix A

The application form should:

- Identify how the application meets the scheme criteria
- Contain performance indicators by which the success of the project will be measured.
- Be targeted to the potential recipients. The degree of information required should be proportionate, reasonable and reflect how much money they are eligible to apply for.
- Identify if the applicant has applied to the Council before for funding or if they have an external bid outstanding. Identify how much they have applied for and when applicants are likely to know the outcome. Include details of any other funding applied for and whether bids have been successful.
- Make it clear that grants have to be paid back if the proposal does not go ahead and that if they do not notify the Council, this may jeopardise future applications.
- Make it clear at what stage the funding will be made available e.g. on receipt of invoices, 100% in advance, staged payment etc.
- Include a checklist for applicants to ensure everything has been filled in and all documents are enclosed etc.
- Include an outline of the project timetable.
- Identify whether the applicant group has policies which cover child protection/health and safety/equal opportunities etc.
- Identify if the organisation is working towards any form of accreditation.

The application process;

- Application forms must be accompanied by the scheme criteria guidelines for completing the application form and an explanation of the timescale, including deadlines, during which the application will be processed.
- Applicants need to be informed at the outset about the level and timing of monitoring, evaluation and annual reporting required
- Applications should be acknowledged within 10 days of receipt.
- A list must be kept of everyone who is sent a form so that reasons for not replying can be gained if necessary
- Applicants should be informed of the timescale for consideration and notification of decision at the outset.
- If the application has not been approved, reasons should be given.

Deadlines

- Dates for consideration of applications need to be publicised and deadlines set for receipt of applications.
- No applications will be considered after closing dates.

Grants application appraisal

- Grant appraisers should be trained.
- Appraisal must be against the given criteria and applicants must meet set criteria in order to receive the grant.
- The scheme/proposal must meet the main aim of the grant scheme.
- Applications should be assessed according to the extent to which the identified need is met. Applicants should therefore be asked to state the need.
- Audited accounts should be considered when the application is appraised.
- Applicants need to demonstrate financial need and financial viability.

Approval

- All grant applications should receive a response indicating that the grant has been approved held over or refused
- Approval letters should indicate clearly whether there are any conditions attached to the grant.

Payment

- Payment of money – timescale for payment should be included in the written notification of grant approval.
- Cheques should go out with a letter reiterating what the money will be spent on and the required monitoring of performance indicators. There should also be a receipt which the applicant signs, dates and sends back to confirm they have received the money and that it will be used for the purpose for which it was approved.
- As part of the monitoring/evaluation process, receipts to prove that the money has been spent on what it was intended for should be provided by the applicant where necessary. For example, where grants have been made for capital/equipment purchase. (*The financial threshold needs to be considered*).

Monitoring & Evaluation

- Monitoring has to be relevant and targeted to the applicant group, degree of detail reflecting the size of grant.

Appendix A

- Monitoring – must relate to key outputs/targets/milestones which should be part of the original application. Monitoring should assess achievements against agreed outputs/targets.
- A progress report must be provided – frequency determined by the level of grant.
- Recipients of grants must keep a record of user numbers, who has benefited from the grant and any feedback from users.
- PIs should be part of target setting. This should be proportionate to the size of grant.
- How often and by whom they will be monitored must be specified.
- Schemes must be evaluated using the monitoring information provided.
- The applicant group should have client evaluation – satisfaction survey e.g. play scheme – how did the parents find it, did the children enjoy it etc. proportionate to the size of grant.

Promotion

- Applicants need to make clear what publicity/promotion is being undertaken for the scheme/grant and must acknowledge the grant provided by the District Council in all publicity.

Review

- The grant process itself must be reviewed internally at regular intervals, at least every 3 years to ensure the system is still effective. This includes review of application forms, criteria, reporting etc. with feedback from applicants.

General

- There should be a SDC database which everyone can access which gives details of those groups who have applied for funding and the outcome.